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NAZI FORCES OCCUPY MANY RED POSITIONS IN CAUCASUS SECTOR

Luftwaffe Bombs Tuapse Port, Setting Afire Freighter—Patrol Boat Hit

34 SOVIET TANKS SMASHED

Russians Putting Up Strong Resistance in Stalingrad—Supply Routes Bombed

Domei

BERLIN, September 24.—The German High Command announced today:

1. German infantry units operating in the northwestern section of the Caucasus occupied Soviet positions at several places in the mountain zone, after smashing the enemy resistance.

2. German air force bombed Tuapse port, and set fire to one large-size cargo steamer, and also seriously damaged one coast patrol boat and several other ships.

3. Severe street fighting is still developing in Stalingrad, and the Soviet forces in the northern section of the city made a brave counter-attack but the German forces smashed 34 enemy tanks, while the Luftwaffe bombed the Red Army supply routes in the east and west of the lower Volga River.

4. In the central front, the Red Army that repeatedly tried to counter-attack in the Rzhev area were repulsed.

5. In the Ladoga Lake region, Reich forces are advancing south of the lake, repulsing the strong Soviet forces.

Nazis Rushing Tanks

Nichi Nichi

KUIBISHEV, September 23.—German forces are rushing innumerable tanks in their furious attempt to break into the Soviet positions in Stalingrad, it is reported by the Soviet side.

The Reich forces are using unexpectedly large numbers of tanks and airplanes in attacking Stalingrad. These tanks and planes are said to have been brought from Germany, occupied areas and Africa.

Axis Pushing Eastward

Nichi Nichi

BERLIN, September 23.—In the central section of Stalingrad, German forces managed to advance further eastward, repulsing the desperate Soviet resistance after the terrible battle the whole day yesterday, it is announced by the German High Command today.

Soviet Ship Sunk

Nichi Nichi

BERLIN, September 23.—The German High Command announced today that German air units bombed a certain Soviet port in the Caucasus destroying a floating dock and sinking a middle-sized cargo steamer.

Iranian Troops Attack

Nichi Nichi

STOCKHOLM, September 22.—Some Iranian troops suddenly attacked the Soviet forces stationed in Iran but were soon defeated, it is reported from London.

EGYPTIANS START UPRISING

Students Clash With British in Cairo

Domei

LISBON, September 24.—The anti-British movement in Egypt is assuming serious proportions in response to the development of the disturbance in India, reports a dispatch reaching here from Cairo.

A head-on clash occurred on Wednesday, according to the dispatch, between a mass of Egyptian students belonging to the Indian Muslim League who staged an anti-British demonstration in front of the University of El-Azhar in Cairo and the police. A large number of Egyptian students is reported to have been arrested in the clash.

Co-Education in P.I. Abolished

Domei

MANILA, September 23.—Marking another step in the reform of the educational system in the Philippines, the co-educational system of education in Filipino middle schools was abolished in accordance with instructions issued by the Japanese Military Administration to the Chairman of the Executive Commission of the Philippines.

Loathsome Product

Burning to ashes are these clothes stamped with the mark "Made in England." Acts like this of the oppressed Indians show deeply the abomination and deprecation with which the British in India are held. In this particular burning may be seen the unflinching determination of the Indians to drive out the domineering British.

Washington Admits Sinking of Two Ships By Japanese Navy

Domei

BUENOS AIRES, September 24. The United States Navy Department announced today that the United States destroyer, Jarvis, 1,500 tons, is believed to have been sunk by a Japanese submarine in the southwestern Pacific, and also that the United States special transport, Little, 1,060 tons was sunk by the Japanese Naval Forces in the Solomon area, it is reported from Washington. However, the dates of their sinking and other particulars are not announced. The destroyer, Jarvis, was built at the Puget Sound Navy Yards in January, 1938, and was equipped with four 5-inch guns, and had a speed of 35.5 knots. The Little was built in 1917, and had a speed of 32 knots.

POSITION OF JAPAN SAID IMPREGNABLE

U.S. Quarters Admit Nippon Cannot Be Ousted From South Pacific, Indian Ocean

Domei

STOCKHOLM, September 24.—Well-informed circles in the United States, discrediting their Government's optimistic announcements, have expressed the opinion recently that Japan has attained a position in the South Pacific which is impregnable against almost any Allied counter-offensive, according to a dispatch from New York.

Admitting that Japan has placed the Southwestern Pacific and the Indian Ocean under its complete control and consolidated the defenses of the strategic points in those areas immediately after their occupation, the same circles declared that it is almost next to impossible to recover the lost bases.

Warn Against Optimism

While lauding the achievements of the Imperial Navy in administering fresh blows to the United States Navy as announced in a communique issued Wednesday afternoon by the Japanese Imperial Headquarters, qualified naval observers here warned the same evening that these new triumphs are no cause for over-optimism on the part of the Japanese people, according to Domei.

The Japanese people must watch closely the developments in the United States and to further tighten their determination to crush the United States and Britain, these observers declared.

Hailing the work of the Japanese Navy, naval quarters pointed out that the attack against the American cruiser of the Northampton class was carried out under poor weather conditions.

Despite poor visibility, they de-

(Continued on Page 2)

GREW URGES WOMEN IN AMERICA TO UNITE

Ex-U.S. Envoy Here Addresses Red Cross Nurses in N.Y.—Tells Japan Is Strong

Domei

BUENOS AIRES, September 23.—Joseph C. Grew, former American Ambassador to Japan, addressing a Red Cross Nurses Aid Rally held in New York City, yesterday urged American women to throw their whole-hearted support behind the nation's war effort, warning that Japan's strength cannot afford to be underestimated, according to reports received here.

The speech was the fourth warning issued to American people by the former American Ambassador since his return from Japan.

The gist of the speech follows:

"I have lived in Japan for the past 10 years, and I know the Japanese people. And I know something about the Japanese military machine, which means their Army and their Navy, their air force, their merchant marine, which have now been almost completely converted into transports and carriers of supplies.

"I know the fighting spirit of the Japanese soldier, and sailor and airman, their almost frantic determination to serve His Majesty the Emperor and their nation to the death and the intensive training which they have undergone through many years, at least a generation.

"They called their campaign in China their 'holy war'. I don't know what slogan they have attached to this total war, but it cannot be less strong. Their decisiveness and determination are in no way less than ours; their whole country and every man and woman in their country, are geared to total war.

"Their military system has developed a formidable and grim machine; their men on many fronts are fighting and will continue to fight like veritable tigers; their factories at home are steadily turning out the implements of war, their ships are steadily carrying those implements of war and the supplies needed both abroad and at home; and their women both at home and in the field are supporting their men with that same frantic loyalty and valor, for their women too are made of strong stuff. I know and you know what they are saying—these men and women of Japan; 'It shall happen there!'

"To us who have recently returned from the land of frantic unity and determination and utter devotion to a cause which they themselves believe to be a just cause, it is inconceivable that any of our fellow countrymen whose eyes are open to the facts, who understand that the great land of ours, the priceless heritage of our American citizenship and the freedom and the duties that are part and parcel of that citizenship, are in peril. It is inconceivable that any American continues to follow his or her accustomed rounds as in times of peace. I say in peril, and I mean peril."

REICH U-BOATS SINK 23 ALLIED VESSELS; 3 OTHERS DAMAGED

3 Destroyers, 1 Auxiliary Cruisser, 5 Transports Were Sunk In Arctic Ocean

WAS ALLIED CONVOY UNIT

14 Sent to Bottom of Caribbean Sea—Total Tonnage Is 125,000

Domei

BERLIN, September 24.—The German submarines operating in the Arctic Ocean sank nine vessels of a large enemy convoy unit between Spitzbergen Island and Iceland in the past few days, while another unit of the Reich submarines has succeeded in sending to the bottom 14 enemy vessels in and around the Caribbean Sea, the German High Command announced at noon today in its special announcement. The communique said:

"A Reich submarine unit, between Spitzbergen and Iceland, attacked an Anglo-American convoy unit just back from a Soviet port, a few days ago. In the subsequent battles, the submarines sank three enemy destroyers, one auxiliary cruiser and five transports aggregating 50,000 tons. They also dealt a severe damage to two other enemy vessels. These achievements have been acquired despite a fierce resistance put up by the enemy convoy formation.

"Other German submarines operating in the seas close to the Atlantic Coast of America, inclusive of the Caribbean Sea, recently sank 13 enemy cargo-boats totalling 75,000 tons and one coast-defense ship. Another enemy ship was seriously damaged in the same area.

"The aforesaid war results mean that the enemy countries in the past four days suffered further loss of 14 transport vessels of about 125,000 tons, three destroyers, one auxiliary cruiser and one defense-ship."

Strike in British Dockyards

Domei

STOCKHOLM, September 24.—A large-scale strike broke out yesterday in England's largest dockyard, the Vickers Armstrong Dockyards.

THREE ENVOYS' VISIT STRENGTHENS CHINA AGAINST U.S.-BRITAIN

National Government Feels Stimulated to Make Tremendous Strides

TO TAKE MORE ACTIVE PART

Heretofore Wang Regime Had Been Occupied With Administrative Matters

Nichi Nichi

NANKING, September 23.—Stimulated by the visit to China of the three Special Japanese Ambassadors, the National Government will make an epochal leap in the concentration of the national strength of China toward the mission of annihilating the Anglo-American influences from the surface of the globe in collaboration with Japan, it is the opinion prevalent among the local observers.

The National Government in Nanking, at the moment when Japan declared war against Britain and America on December 8 last year, decided its attitude of cooperating to the fullest extent with Japan in her mission of creating a New Order in East Asia.

Worked to Build Up Morale

The Nanking Government has been appealing to the nation with the slogans of "Share in the joys and sorrows of Japan," "Fight against Britain and America to the last" and "Protect East Asia and realize co-existence and co-prosperity." To bolster the morale of the nation, the New Citizens' Movement has been vigorously pushed.

This movement has been indicative of the fact that China under the jurisdiction of the National Government has been spiritually at war with Chungking, Britain and America. Inasmuch as the national strength of China was not very powerful, the Nanking Government has concentrated its efforts on readjusting its administrative system, so that the country may be able to act as a supply base for the War of Greater East Asia.

Concentrated on Unity

Despite titanic efforts made by the National Government, however,

(Continued on Page 2)

Germans' War Gains Force Britain To Strengthen Defenses of W. Asia

Frantic Efforts to Stem Reich Forces Seen in Mobilization of Troops in North African Front and Reorganization of British Garrisons in Iraq and Iran

By Arrangement with the Asahi
(Special to the Japan Times & Advertiser)

ISTANBUL, September 22.—The war situation in the Stalingrad sector is reaching a final stage in favor of the Reich forces and activity is rapidly mounting in the Caucasus zones and Egypt. The German's sweeping operations in these latter areas will soon become outstandingly noticeable, it is expected.

Britain, facing the situation, is resorting to all possible means to reinforce the defense of West Asia and to have as many forces mobilized on the North African front.

The British garrison in Iran and Iraq, formerly making the 10th Army under the commander-in-chief stationed at Cairo, has been organized into an army independent of the Cairo command, with a new chief appointed in the person of Lieutenant-General Harold Alexander, who was the commander of the British Army in Burma recently dislodged before the drive of the Japanese Forces.

Through its recent reorganization of troops in West Asia and North Africa, Britain is understood to have arranged: (1) that British forces in Egypt might be strengthened, (2) that Iran would have more forces of the United Nations to secure its defense, and (3) that the British garrisons both in West Asia and India would act in close cooperation.

Before this organization was considered, the British garrison in Lybia had been reduced by the Axis forces to one half of its old strength. The loss sustained by the same army in the past three months had been very great. Steps were then taken so that many of the British troops so far stationed in Palestine and Syria would be removed to Egypt.

Then the United States dispatched some mechanized forces to Egypt via West Asia. Some troops stationed in Sudan were also sent to the sector, it is understood. As the result, the British strength now at North Africa reportedly consists of 140,000 troops assisted by about 600 tanks.

By way of making up for the drain of defense strength from Syria and Palestine, Britain so influenced the de Gaullist regime that ex-Governor-General of French Indo-China George Catroux would lead two French divisions newly installed in these two countries which also had one division composed of the soldiers under the extinct Polish regime and another made of the troops under the vanquished Greek regime.

The British garrisons stationed in Iran and Iraq are reported to consist of four divisions, which now distributed at Mosul, Basra and many other centers, are ready to be mobilized in any desired direction.

A latest report alleges that one division of these troops has recently been dispatched to India and that, to make good the vacancy thus resulted, the United States has just dispatched there about 6,000 troops along with 250 warplanes.

The American troops in Egypt, it is reported in the meantime are placed under General Maxwell, who is commanding independent of the British Army in the same area. The report alleges there is some dissension between the British and United States commanders.

INDIANS RAID SALT-MILL, REPEAT ATTACK ON TRAIN AND CARRY ON WALKOUT

Total of Native Casualty Mounts Up to 1940

WAR DEAD IS 98,380

Account of Expenditures Spent By Britain Asked in Assembly

Nichi Nichi

LISBON, September 23.—So far a total of 1,940 Indians have been killed and wounded by the British troops and police snice the outbreak of the current disturbance all over India, it was made public in the Indian Legislative Assembly now in extra session in New Delhi, revealed a dispatch reaching from New Delhi. The police have killed 390 and wounded 1,060. The British troops are reported to have slain 331 and injured 153.

Indian War Dead, 98,380

Nichi Nichi

LISBON, September 23.—Since the outbreak of the current European War, the casualties of Indian soldiers in the British Army has totalled 98,380, including those missing, it was announced by the Indian Government on Wednesday, reported Reuters from New Delhi.

War Expenses Detail Asked

Nichi Nichi

SAIGON, September 23.—In the Indian Legislative Assembly now in session in New Delhi a vehement controversy occurred between the Finance Minister of the Indian Government and the President of the Indian National Republican Party who demanded that war expenditure outlaid by Indians should be made public, it was revealed by a New Delhi dispatch.

Although the president's motion was rejected 45 votes against 12, his interpellation is said to have served to disclose the British deceptive policy completely. The Finance Minister declared that the United States Government bears the expenses for the American troops stationed in India, the Chungking Government the expenses for its troops and Britain the expenses for its own troops.

However, the President of the Indian National Republican Party retorted that at present the Indian war expenditure is used solely in the interest of Britain.

Moreover, he asserted, the heavy sum of money is extorted from the poverty-stricken Indian masses and therefore Indians have a right to know about the details of the money spent. He declared that Indian Government authorities are under obligation to account for the money spent.

CHINESE REDS SENTENCED IN PENANG FOR SABOTAGE

Domei

PENANG, September 22.—A number of Chinese Communists today were sentenced to terms ranging from 15 years imprisonment to capital punishment by the Penang District Court on the charges of committing sabotage as well as attempts on the lives of high-ranking Japanese authorities.

The court convened at 10 a.m. today under Judge Kotaro Yamamoto, chief of the District Court.

The Chinese Communists who were sentenced included those who were transferred to the Penang District Court by the Penang Gendarmerie on September 1, after being rounded up in an intensive dragnet.

HU SHIH LEAVES FOR HOME

Former Chungking Envoy to U.S. Departs Via New York

Domei

LISBON, September 22.—Hu Shih, former Chungking Ambassador to the United States, yesterday left for home via New York, according to a Washington dispatch reaching here today.

Meanwhile, Wei Tao-ming, newly-appointed Chungking Ambassador to Washington, will shortly present his credentials to President Roosevelt, and is slated to confer with Cordell Hull, Secretary of State.

British Units Occupy Madagascar Capital; Governor Evacuates

Domei

LISBON, September 24.—The British troops in Madagascar occupied Antananarivo, capital of the island, at 5 p.m., Wednesday, a London report received here today revealed. The dispatch said that it could not ascertain which of the eastern and western landing units effected the occupation but added that Governor-General Leon Annet of Madagascar was reported to have evacuated from the city when it was entered by the British.

BRAZIL MOBILIZATION FORCED BY AMERICA

U.S. Aims to Make S. American Country Arsenal for Its War Machine

Domei

BUENOS AIRES, September 22.—The national mobilization enforced in Brazil September 16 by the Brazilian Government is said to have been carried out under pressure by the United States Government, which is trying to convert Brazil into an "arsenal" of the United States, it was reported here today.

For this reason, it is believed that Brazil's national mobilization will seriously affect the nation's economy and trade.

While the United States is attempting to develop war industries in Brazil, especially the metal and chemical fiber industries, and to convert peacetime industries into wartime undertakings by sending experts to Brazil, the Brazilian Government is confronted with the difficulty of transporting materials owing to insufficient communication facilities.

Accordingly, economists here are not only skeptical as to whether or not the United States will be able to attain the desired end, but they also fear that the economy of Brazil will be disrupted by the new move.

CHUNGKING DECREES DEATH FOR FOODSTUFF HOARDERS

Chiang Issues Warning to Those Who Would Interfere With Food Policy

Domei

SHANGHAI, September 23.—Apparently to cope with the increasing strains on the foodstuff supply policy, Chiang Kai-shek yesterday issued a special warning to would-be speculators engaged in cornering or hoarding of staple foodstuffs.

The warning which was made following Chiang's return from an extensive inspection tour in the northwestern district, stated that any person caught interfering with the smooth execution of the food program of the Chungking regime shall be executed immediately.

In his warning, Chiang stated that the people of China should exert themselves to feed 6,000,000 troops under the command of the Chungking regime, and that the smooth progress of the food policy of the Chungking regime has an important bearing on the military operations of Chungking forces.

MEXICO MALES AFFECTED

Liable for Military Service From October 1

Domei

LISBON, September 22.—To cope with the increasing need of manpower, the Mexican Government issued a decree today announcing the enforcement of a special registration system for males between the ages of 15 and 45 as from October 1, according to dispatches from Mexico City.

It is understood that registered men over 18 years of age will be liable for military service.

Uprisings Continue While More British Reported Killed

PAPER SUSPENDED

Whole Nation United in Determination to Drive Out English Yoke

Nichi Nichi

CANTON, September 23.—Indicative of the further aggravating disturbance in India, it is reported from Madras that some 100 Indians armed with rifles and knives attacked and killed an English manager of a salt-manufacturing plant in the neighborhood of Tinnevelly, Madras Province.

A fierce melee ensued between the Indians, who started a large-scale destruction of the plant and the policemen called to quell the urprising.

In India, the salt manufacturing industry is a Government monopoly and the Indian National Congress Party demanded more than once the abolishment of the monopoly system but in vain.

Meanwhile, it is further reported that the unrest continues to rage throughout India without letdown. In Madura, workers of the municipality-managed plants are on a walk-out, while in the United Provinces mass fines of 67,000 rupees were imposed in four places respectively.

At Allahabad all the newspapers were ordered to suspend publication for one month, while the demonstrators are reported to have set fire to police sub-stations in the city.

Train Attacks Repeated

Yomiuri-Hochi

BANGKOK, September 23.—A military transportation train of the Madras-Goa Railway was attacked and overturned September 21 and many casualties were caused, it was broadcast from the Indian National Congress Party sources.

No details of the incident are yet known, but it is believed that this railway accident is related to the attack on a military train at Lahore September 19. The British authorities are alarmed at the repeated attacks on military trains, and the Indian Government issued an order to the Indian Defense Army and all Provincial Governments to guard all railway lines.

Killing of British Increase

Domei

LISBON, September 24.—Britishers in India are being subjected to violence of the infuriated Indians and are being murdered in an increasing number of late, it was reported Thursday by an Indian Government representative to the justice department, it was revealed by a dispatch from New Delhi.

A pilot of the British plane which made a forced landing after machine-gunning an Indian mob was attacked by the angry Indian farmers in a certain village. Moreover, a British officer and four soldiers who rushed to the rescue of the flying officer by a motorcar were also killed by the farmers.

It was also reported that two other British officers were murdered while inspecting the construction of a new airfield in an undisclosed district, while in the United Provinces several British officers were slaughtered by the Indians recently.

Indians Determined

Yomiuri-Hochi

STOCKHOLM, September 22.—News of the Indian uprising reaching here have recently become very few, and this development is believed to be indicating the chronic state due to the Indians' determination to carry out the anti-British movement until final victory is won.

The United Press report from Bombay dated today said that the non-obedience movement and the uprising have become very active, pointing out developments in all parts of the country. At Nawanagar, the agitated people attacked the police station, and freed two political offenders imprisoned there. Troops were immediately called out. Policemen fired on the people. The leaders of the attack were afterwards arrested. In addition, 20 were wounded.

RADIO PROPAGANDA IS USED BY BRITAIN

Screen, Press Also Utilized To Boost Flagging Morale Of Allies

By Arrangement with the Asahi
(Special to the Japan Times & Advertiser)

MADRID, September 23.—In the current war, the radio is being used on a large scale as an effective medium for propaganda. In this respect, the British Broadcasting Corporation is being utilized to its full capacity for the purpose of propagating propaganda to the Allied Nations. Besides the radio, the screen and newspapers are being fully utilized in the campaign to boost the flagging morale of the Allies.

The European section of the B.B.C. is at present conducting daily overseas broadcasts in 25 different languages. In that section over 200 people are employed. The propaganda program directed to the German occupied areas is regarded with much importance inasmuch as the star announcers are assigned to the service.

The B.B.C. is now broadcasting a melodramatic play to the world under the title of "the Family at the Front". A special play with the title of "The Robinson Family" is now being broadcast to the countries on the Pacific Ocean. Popular actors and actresses are employed to fill the various parts.

In broadcasting war news, the two Chinese dialects of Canton and Peking were added after the northern section of China was occupied by the Imperial Forces. The headquarters of the Pacific service radio broadcasting service is stationed in Australia. It is amazing how eagerly the people of the defeated countries listen in to the war news.

Active in Spain

Even the trains running between Madrid and Barcelona are being utilized by the British for the purpose of propagating the Anglo-British ideology. Those British propagandists would carry pamphlets and distribute them among the passengers.

It is said that Britain is spending some 600 pesetas in Spain for anti-fascist propaganda which is largely carried on by the Communist Party. The same can be said of French Indo-China where the French residents who are still advocates of the De Gaulle policy, collaborate with the British to disseminate mendacious propaganda.

British newspapers assumed an impudent attitude toward Japan at the outset of the war, but now they acknowledge the true and enduring power of Japan. Professor Dadaugh and Professor John Morris wrote articles on "The Condition in Japan Behind the Scene" in the Daily Express and Daily Mail respectively wherein they properly valued the adequate Japanese preparation for war, her economic stability, and about all the patriotism of the people. Their articles are a striking contrast to the absurd stories on Japan written by some American newsmen.

In Portugal, an Asahi correspondent lately saw a picture show in Lisbon, which, in his opinion was out and out propaganda inasmuch as it was an untrue presentation of existing facts. Thus it is apparent that Britain is desperate in its attempt to convince the people at home and the Allies of its "superiority" over the Axis Powers.

Press Comments

Thursday, September 24

ASAHI—Closer Japan-China Ties
NICHI NICHI—Our Influence in the North Pacific
YOMIURI-HOCHI—Government's Message Presented to National Government

Closer Japan-China Ties

ASAHI—Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Hachiro Arita and Ryutaro Nagai, Special Envoys to Nanking, presented the message of the Japanese Empire to Wang Ching-wei, head of the Nanking Government on Wednesday morning.

The visit to Japan of President Wang Ching-wei and Foreign Minister Chu Min-yi, and the visit to Nanking of the three Special Envoys of Japan are quite significant in cementing Japan and China in closer friendship and cooperation.

The pledge of Japan and China to devote themselves whole-heartedly for the execution of the War of Greater East Asia has been further solidified at the ceremony of presenting Japan's message to China on Wednesday at Nanking.

The Kuomintang Government of China has risen to oppose the anti-Japanese resistance principle of Chungking and to rise bravely for national reconstruction with peace. And with the outbreak of the War of Greater East Asia, the Nanking Government has adopted an attitude of thoroughly cooperating with Japan for the execution of the war, with unmovable confidence. We beg to express our hearty appreciation of Nanking's attitude.

In presenting the message of the nation, Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma said:

"When Japan declared war against the United States and the British Empire for her self-existence and self-protection and for the establishment of permanent peace in East Asia, your Government expressed determination to share in the joys and sorrows of Japan and cooperate in realizing the great work of establishing the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere on a firm footing. The Empire of Japan heartily appreciates the actual cooperation given by your Government both in the spiritual and material phases of the war."

The situation East Asia is now facing reveals that all the races of East Asia must unite with the same conception of the world, and confront jointly the present crisis. That is to say, we must justly realize our common fate, and build up the East Asia of the future.

In his address to our Special Envoys, President Wang Ching-wei said:

"At this moment Japan is exerting itself to eliminate aggressive American and British influence from East Asia. Heavy and grave is this responsibility. The National Government of China is determined to share in the hardships of Your Excellencies' country and cooperate with all sincerity and with all the power that it has at its command.

"As a matter of fact, the National Government has an unshakable belief that Japan and China are fated to stand or fall together, and that a real relationship among nations is a thing which will last forever."

As President Wang Ching-wei and the leaders of the National Government of China are sincerely cooperating in the execution of the present war with such unshakable confidence the relationship that binds the Japanese and Chinese races together will never be shaken, whatever future developments might be.

Our Influence in the North Pacific

NICHI NICHI—The latest achievements of the Imperial Forces in the North Pacific were announced. Our Naval Forces severely damaged one enemy cruiser and sank two submarines in the neighborhood of Atka Island in the Aleutians.

Three months have already passed since the Japanese Forces landed on the Aleutian Islands, with the close cooperation of the Army and Navy. The Aleutians form the apex of a triangle with Hawaii and Panama as the other two points, and, therefore, is an important point for the attack of the American-British forces on Japan from the east, and also for the defense of the United States mainland.

Therefore, the occupation by the Japanese Forces of certain areas in the islands have greatly hindered the enemy's strategy in both defense and offense. The Allies have, during these three months, eagerly attempted to remove this serious obstacle, and thus have made several counter-attacks by air and naval forces. But on each occasion their attempts were rendered futile by our forces stationed in that area.

The North Pacific area with the occupied Aleutian Islands as the center resembles the southern battlefields in having very unfavorable weather conditions. While it is excessively hot in the South, it is extremely cold in the North Pacific. In the South, however, everything grows well and rapidly, and thus there are an abundance of various products. But in the North, the land is barren, and permanently covered with ice and snow. When we we think of this, we feel deeply thankful to those who are stationed in the North.

We have just heard the announcement of our recent victories in the North Pacific. From this we gather that our forces are not only defending their positions, but are also smashing the enemy, which intends to make guerilla operations, by rushing into the enemy's defense area.

We feel we must express our hearty thanks to our forces in the North Pacific, while being fully confident of their courage and power to defeat the enemy.

Government's Message Presented to National Government

YOMIURI-HOCHI—Received in audience by Wang Ching-wei, President of the National Government, at the Grand Ceremony Hall of Nanking on Wednesday, Japan's Special Envoys Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Hachiro Arita and Ryutaro Nagai presented the Imperial Government's message to the National Government of Nanking.

In his statement issued in connection with the presentation of the Imperial Government's message, Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma dwelt upon the Imperial Government's immutable national policy intended to contribute toward the security of East Asia and world peace, and at the same time expressed his gratitude for the National Government's cooperation with this country in the prosecution of the War of Greater East Asia.

In reply, President Wang Ching-wei highly praised the national policy of Japan and China founded upon morality and stressed the sincerity with which his government is determined to share the rise or fall of the two nations in the present crisis.

Insofar as morality is maintained between nations of the world, peace reigns, whereas if morality is wiped out the world would be thrown into utter chaos. How Japan has been true to its treaties since its foundation is amply testified by a glance at its long history. For instance, this country faithfully observed the Treaty of Alliance between this country and Britain for 30 years since its conclusion in 1902 to enable Britain to lie freed from trouble in East Asia.

In spite of Japan's faithfulness in observing the treaty, Britain did not hesitate to abolish it at the Washington Conference which directly resulted in the outbreak of the War of Greater East Asia.

Japan is bound to Germany and Italy by the Alliance Treaty on one hand, and China and Manchoukuo is fighting for the security of East Asia and world peace on the other. As stated by President Wang Ching-wei, morality is the life and soul of the countries which are founded in East Asia irrespective of peace and war. The three nations of Japan, China and Manchoukuo are required to cooperate more closely on the basis of morality to display their total power to establish a New Order for East Asia and the world.

ROOSEVELT'S ENVOY SEES PREMIER STALIN

Willkie Conveys President's Message—Molotov Also Attends Meeting

Domei

MOSCOW, September 24.—Wendell Willkie, personal envoy of President Roosevelt, yesterday met Premier Josef Stalin and conferred with him for two hours after handing him Roosevelt's personal message.

The conversation was also attended by Vlacheslav M. Molotov, Commissar of Foreign Affairs.

Britain Raps Willkie

Domei

ROME, September 22.—Well-informed Turkish quarters, commenting on reports that Wendell Willkie, special envoy of President Roosevelt, will leave the Soviet Union by air for Chungking, giving up his scheduled visit to India, declared that it is because Britain refused to give authorization to Willkie to visit India that he gave up his scheduled trip, according to a Stefani dispatch from Istanbul received here today.

Quoting the Cumhuriyet, influential Turkish journal, the report stated that the British critics are expressing distrust in the United States who little by little has confined Britain, which should be playing the first role in the Anglo-American coalition, to a second post.

It was added that Great Britain is making every effort to prevent American interference in India where the situation is extremely acute and where Britain will not risk being replaced by her ally.

3 JAPANESE ENVOYS VISIT SUN MAUSOLEUM

Hiranuma and Suite Pay Respects to Founder of New China

Domei

NANKING, September 24.—The Japanese mission headed by Special Ambassadors Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Hachiro Arita and Ryutaro Nagai, visited the mausoleum of the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen this morning. They were accompanied by Mamoru Shigemitsu and Shinroku Hidaka, Japanese Ambassador and Minister, respectively.

Baron Hiranuma, on behalf of the Japanese party, laid a wreath of flowers before the statue of the founder of New China in the mausoleum building.

After inspecting the mausoleum, the Special Ambassadors visited the Central Military Academy and reviewed a march of its students.

In the afternoon, they inspected the National Government museum. After this, Baron Hiranuma, accompanied only by a few members of the suite, visited the Confucian Temple.

The Japanese mission later attended a tea party given in their honor by President Wang Ching-wei and a dinner given by Foreign Minister Chu Min-yi.

Wang Petes Envoys

Domei

NANKING, September 23.—Following a luncheon given in their honor by President Wang Ching-wei, special envoys Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Hachiro Arita and Ryutaro Nagai paid their respects to General Shunroku Hata, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in China.

Later, the members of the mission visited the Manchoukuo Embassy and paid their respects to Lu Jung-huan, Manchoukuo Ambassador to Nanking.

Meanwhile, the mission sent members of its suite to the German and Italian Embassies, the headquarters of the Japanese Forces, the office of Manchoukuo Military Attache and the chiefs of various Yuans of the National Government also to pay their respects.

Prominent Japanese officials who attended the luncheon given by President Wang included, Ambassador Mamoru Shigemitsu, Ministers to China Tateki Horiuchi and Shinrokuro Hidaka of the Japanese Embassy, and representatives of the Japanese Army and Navy.

Filipino Children Now Convinced Japan Is Stronger Than U.S. Despite Propaganda

With the occupation of the Philippine Islands by the Japanese Forces, the Filipino children have finally been convinced they have been misled by false American propaganda that the Japanese soldiers could never beat the Americans in war. However, with the Stars and Stripes now replaced by the Rising Sun flags on the islands' citadels, an utter change has come over this idea. Filipino children who used to fight with the Japanese children are now the first to turn pro-Japanese, shouting "banzai" at the sight of Japanese airplanes and running up to the Japanese soldiers whenever sighted. Such is the gist summed up by a Manila dispatch to Domei describing a New Order prevailing in the islands.

"Filipino children now want to play with the Japanese children, their former adversaries, and seemingly proud of their accomplishment, they sing half-learnt Japanese songs," the dispatch said. "That the children should come to appreciate the true meaning of East Asia in so short a time is but natural, for their young minds must certainly have been deeply impressed at the sight of Americans, whom they considered to be a superior race, completely subdued by the Japanese.

"This confidence and faith so implanted in the innocent young hearts will develop into one of the basic sentiment on which will be moulded the people of Asia-Filipinos.

"The Filipino boy is an early riser, getting up at daybreak together with his mother and helps in the kitchen, cleans the house and goes marketing. A boy in the country shoulders his spade and sallies out to work in the fields.

"In the Philippines there are only two social classes, the upper and the lower, with a corresponding class distinction in the education of the children. Since the outbreak of the war, there is a big change in progress, but before the war, the children of the upper class families received education similar in general to that which existed at the time of the Spanish regime, learning Spanish at home, English at schools and speaking Tagalog with their playmates. At homes, the children are reared in a strict Catholic manner, praying every morning and night before beautifully decorated altars, just as Japanese children do before the family Buddhist altars every morning.

"The upper class children wear clean clothes when going out, wear shoes in the houses, do not play with dirt, are taught music and dancing as pastimes from the time they are about four or five years old, and showing off their accomplishments whenever guests arrive. However, when about 12 or 13 years old, the children often grow away from this strict family training, influenced by American movies and magazines, become unrestrained and wayward imitating only the ways of the Americans.

"Since the parents are uneducated in the lower class families, the children learn only Tagalog at home, however, they are obedient, help with the housework and do errands willingly. When the parents separate, the custom is for the mother to have the custody of the children. When disobedient the children are severely punished, spanked with leather straps, slippers or sticks, but they are never hit on the head. Ordinarily the children may wear torn and ragged clothes at home, but when going out they are decked out in silk clothes with shining shoes, making a quick transformation into little ladies and gentlemen.

"In both social classes the girls are cherished more than the boys, so that while the girls take piano and dancing lessons and play around, the boys are set to work.

"The children of the upper class families used to attend high tuitioned private Catholic or American conducted schools, while those of the lower class went to public school. Since textbooks were quite expensive, the children of the lower class had no books; therefore, teaching methods were so adapted that children had to bring only notebooks for writing down the answers to be given to the teacher's questions.

"The teachers in the elementary public schools are very earnest in their teaching of school work, but in the matter of spiritual training they have been quite amiss. Also in private Catholic schools, too much emphasis has been placed on religious formality neglecting entirely the spiritual education from the standpoint of racial consciousness."

2 WOMEN STUDENTS SHINE IN LITERATURE AND IN LAW

Mitsuko Watanabe, Yuriko Yokoyama Had Brilliant Records at Waseda

The intellectual capabilities of the fair sex were evidenced when it was recently announced that two women students, both top liners on the lists of the Law and Literature Departments respectively, will be graduated from Waseda University, reports the Asahi.

The scholars are Mitsuko Watanabe, 28 years old, and Yuriko Yokoyama, 25. They will be granted silver watches on commencement day which falls on Sunday together with three male students who are the honor graduates representing three other departments of the same university.

Miss Yokoyama is the eldest daughter of Michiko Yokoyama, a famed authoress. She finished the course of the Joshi Gakuin and the Tokyo Women's College and entered the English Literature Course of Waseda University in 1940. Through three years of study in the same department, she distinguished herself for her brilliant record and was always at the top of her class. Her graduation thesis was particularly excellent. Miss Yokoyama will make a special study at the University Hall.

Miss Watanabe, honor graduate of the Law Department, had the same educational course as Miss Yokoyama. Entering Waseda University also in 1940, she made a special study of law.

After her graduation, she also will enter University Hall where she will further her study for two years.

Being a devoted Christian, she will engage in the social works especially in the protection of ex-convicts.

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CHRISTIAN TRAINING COURSE PLANNED TO ENHANCE FAITH

4-Day Meet Started Here September 22—Noted Religionists Attend

Approximately 70 Christian leaders of various denominations including Reverend Tsumejiro Matsukawa, the head of the East Asiatic Evangelical Society, Dr. Toyohiko Kagawa, the internationally known evangelist, and heads of parishes in different localities will hold a Christian leaders' training course here, in order to put Japanese Christianity on a more solid basis, Domei stated.

It is recalled that a similar training course was opened some time ago with satisfactory results. The course began yesterday and will be held for four days at the Young Women's Hall in Shiba Ward.

Lecturers will include Kenzo Kawahara, the head of the Religion Bureau of the Education Ministry, and Captain Hideo Hiraide, Chief of the Navy Press Section of the Imperial Headquarters.

At the above meeting, concrete plans, including the financial policies to be followed by the 34 Christian groups which were recently united into one organization, will be discussed.

BOARD PASSES DECISION FOR USAGE OF PREMIUMS

Postal Insurance Bureau Considers Social Welfare and Economic Activities

The Postal Insurance Bureau of the Board of Insurance, in accordance with the decision passed at the meeting of the committee for the handling of premiums held at the Welfare Ministry Monday morning, will play a more active role in various works that have great bearings on the social welfare and economic prosperity in Japan Proper and in different oversea regions. Part of the postal insurance premiums for 1942 will be disbursed for various purposes as follows, says the Chugai:—

1. Disbursement for acceptance or debentures:

The 91st Manchuria Railways debentures	¥10,000,000
The 2nd bonds of the Government-General of Taiwan for construction of dwelling houses for salaried men and others in Taiwan	2,000,000
Total	¥12,000,000
2. Loans to be extended to different organization intended for the promotion of public welfare (in 37 lots)	¥14,050,000

China Creates Trade Guilds

C.P.S.

NANKING, September 21.—In addition to the 13 cities, including Nanking and Shanghai which had been ordered to establish trade guilds, the Ministry of Industry has also ordered such organizations to be formed at other business centers in all provinces.

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Yokohama Country & Athletic Club
NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Club will be closed temporarily for a period of two months as from Saturday, September 26th.

In order to provide Members with Suitable Facilities during the above period, the Committee is arranging for temporary quarters elsewhere, of which further announcement will be made as soon as negotiations are completed.

In the meantime all tournaments relating to Lawn Tennis, Table Tennis, Badminton, Basketball, and Billiard have been postponed till Further Notice.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
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Yokohama, 25th September 1942

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Position of Japan Said Impregnable

(Continued from Page 1)

clared, the attacking Japanese submarine penetrated deep into Nazan Bay at Atka Island in the Aleutian archipelago and heavily damaged the American cruiser with a direct torpedo hit.

Furthermore, during the middle of this month, shortly after a Japanese seaplane had successfully raided strategic points in the State of Oregon, two American submarines in the northern Pacific were sunk by Japanese destroyers, they pointed out.

These circles revealed that the first enemy submarine was sighted on the surface and received five direct gun hits. The enemy submarine was sent to the bottom by a series of depth charges.

The second submarine, it was disclosed, was sunk by depth charges after it had been discovered sailing at periscope depth. Confirmation of both sinkings was obtained by the large amount of oil which bubbled to the surface at the spots where the submarines went down.

China Stockbrokers Checked

C.P.S.

SHANGHAI, September 21.—For the purpose of affording adequate protection to Shanghai's circulating capital and of stabilizing industries, the Ministry of Industry has drafted a set of regulations for the control of dealers in stocks and shares of Chinese business concerns.

Three Envoys' Visit Strengthens China Against U.S.-Britain

(Continued from Page 1)

new China could so far realize nothing remarkable except the strengthening of the relations between her and Manchoukuo. Because the Government concentrated exclusively on the strengthening of the national solidarity, it could not afford to do much for the Greater East Asia War.

Under such circumstances, the authorities of the National Government recently realized that unless the Government adopts a decisive policy for the current war, a serious determination to reconstruct China through the annihilation of the Chungking and Anglo-American influences would not be realized by the nation and that positive measures for the strengthening of the national power should be taken.

Much Left to Do

It is true that the Nanking Government has so far exerted much efforts to complete its system as a powerful Central Government and also to strengthen its military force but much is still left to be desired in the consciousness and determination among the people toward the reconstruction of new China.

Under such circumstances, these observers opine, the current dispatch of the Japanese Special Ambassadors to Nanking has proved a stimulant to the national consciousness of the people which has so far remained lethargic. As a result, the National Government will make an epochal rapid stride in realizing the national solidarity.

China Revises Insurance Laws

C.P.S.

SHANGHAI, September 21.—For the protection of capital, the Ministry of Industry has revised regulations concerning the organization, capital, and scope of business of insurance companies.

Kwangtung to Boost Coal

C.P.S.

CANTON, September 21.—The Reconstruction Department of the Kwangtung Provincial Government has completed a plan for coal mining in Huahsien and Panyu and has sent a number of mining experts there.

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